

FRANCHISE DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT

EVOLVE REAL ESTATE GROUP, LLC

A Florida limited liability company

PO Box 66163, St. Petersburg, FL 33716-6163 727-755-1995 franchise@REALean.com www.REALean.com



We are **Evolve Real Estate Group**, **LLC**, A Florida limited liability company. We offer franchises to qualified individuals and entities to own and operate a REALean real estate brokerage featuring our innovative commission structures. The brokerage uses our service marks, trade names, programs, and systems including the names and marks "**REALean**SM, and the "**REALean**SM, logo. This is done under our trademarks and service marks and our programs and systems (collectively these are called the "Method of Operation").

The total investment necessary to begin operation of a REALean franchise is \$24,710 to \$40,220. This includes the \$19,900 Initial Franchise Fee that must be paid to us. If you sign an Area Development Addendum ("ADA") and become an area developer ("Area Developer"), you will pay us the full \$19,900 Initial Franchise Fee for each of the franchises to be developed within your development area (the "Development Fee").

This disclosure document summarizes certain provisions of your franchise agreement and other information in plain English. Read this disclosure document and all accompanying agreements carefully. You must receive this disclosure document at least 14 calendar-days before you sign a binding agreement with, or make any payment to, the franchisor or an affiliate in connection with the proposed franchise sale. Note, however, that no governmental agency has verified the information contained in this document.

You may wish to receive your disclosure document in another format that is more convenient for you. To discuss the availability of disclosures in different formats, contact Kevin Cahill of REALean at PO Box 66163, St. Petersburg, Florida, 33736-6163, 727-755-1995, Franchise@REALean.com.

The terms of your contract will govern your franchise relationship. Don't rely on the disclosure document alone to understand your contract. Read all of your contract carefully. Show your contract and this disclosure document to an advisor, like a lawyer or an accountant.

Buying a franchise is a complex investment. The information in this disclosure document can help you make up your mind. More information on franchising, such as "A Consumer's Guide to Buying a Franchise," which can help you understand how to use this disclosure document, is available from the Federal Trade Commission. You can contact the FTC at 1-877-FTC-HELP or by writing to the FTC at 600 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C. 20580. You can also visit the FTC's home page at www.ftc.gov for additional information. Call your state agency or visit your public library for other sources of information on franchising. There may also be laws on franchising in your state. Ask your state agencies about them.

ISSUANCE DATE: May 31, 2020



How to Use This Franchise Disclosure Document

Here are some questions you may be asking about buying a franchise and tips on how to find more information:

QUESTION	WHERE TO FIND INFORMATION
How much can I earn?	Item 19 may give you information about
	outlet sales, costs, profits or losses.
	You should also try to obtain this
	information from others, like current
	and former franchisees. You can find
	their names and contact information in
How much will I need to invest?	Item 20.
How much will I need to invest?	Items 5 and 6 list fees you will be paying to the franchisor or at the
	franchisor's direction. Item 7 lists the
	initial investment to open. Item 8
	describes the suppliers you must use.
Does the franchisor have the	Item 21 or Exhibit A includes financial
financial ability to provide support to	statements. Review these statements
my business?	carefully.
Is the franchise system stable,	Item 20 summarizes the recent history
growing, or shrinking?	of the number of company-owned and
NACH L	franchised outlets.
Will my business be the only	Item 12 and the "territory" provisions in
REALean business in my area?	the franchise agreement describe whether the franchisor and other
	franchisees can compete with you.
Does the franchisor have a troubled	Items 3 and 4 tell you whether the
legal history?	franchisor or its management have
,	been involved in material litigation or
	bankruptcy proceedings.
What's it like to be a REALean	Item 20 lists current and former
franchisee?	franchisees. You can contact them to
	ask about their experiences.
What else should I know?	These questions are only a few things
	you should look for. Review all 23
	Items and all Exhibits in this disclosure document to better understand this
	franchise opportunity. See the table of
	contents.
	oontonto.



What You Need To Know About Franchising Generally

<u>Continuing responsibility to pay fees</u>. You may have to pay royalties and other fees even if you are losing money.

<u>Business model can change</u>. The franchise agreement may allow the franchisor to change its manuals and business model without your consent. These changes may require you to make additional investments in your franchise business or may harm your franchise business.

<u>Supplier restrictions</u>. You may have to buy or lease items from the franchisor or a limited group of suppliers the franchisor designates. These items may be more expensive than similar items you could buy on your own.

<u>Operating restrictions</u>. The franchise agreement may prohibit you from operating a similar business during the term of the franchise. There are usually other restrictions. Some examples may include controlling your location, your access to customers, what you sell, how you market, and your hours of operation.

<u>Competition from franchisor</u>. Even if the franchise agreement grants you a territory, the franchisor may have the right to compete with you in your territory.

<u>Renewal</u>. Your franchise agreement may not permit you to renew. Even if it does, you may have to sign a new agreement with different terms and conditions in order to continue to operate your franchise business.

<u>When your franchise ends</u>. The franchise agreement may prohibit you from operating a similar business after your franchise ends even if you still have obligations to your landlord or other creditors.

Some States Require Registration

Your state may have a franchise law, or other law, that requires franchisors to register before offering or selling franchises in the state. Registration does not mean that the state recommends the franchise or has verified the information in this document. To find out if your state has a registration requirement, or to contact your state, use the agency information in Exhibit D.

Your state also may have laws that require special disclosures or amendments be made to your franchise agreement. If so, you should check the State Specific Addenda. See the Table of Contents for the location of the State Specific Addenda.

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